1. "पूर्वोत्तर" शब्द का सही संधी विचित्रता है :- पूर्व-उत्तर, पूर्व-उत्तर, पूर्व-उत्तर, पूर्व-उत्तर
2. "अप्रसन्नता" की सही होगी :- अप्रि, दंड, अप्रि, दंड
3. दुनिया समग्र का उदारता है :- पर-पर, तम-बन, तम-बन, तम-बन
4. "रोलीमाण" शब्द का उच्चता विचित्रता है :- रोलीमाण, रोलीमाण, रोलीमाण, रोलीमाण
5. किस शब्द में "बूढ़ प्रथा" प्रभाव है :- दूध, दूध, दूध, दूध
6. ता प्रथा देश का उदारता है :- तात, तात, तात, तात
7. विविधता विचार में "नीब" अपराध की शरीत शब्द है :- नीह, नीह, नीह, नीह
8. निर्देशित के अनुसार "चौन-सा" शब्द देखें :- कौन, कौन, कौन, कौन
9. जीवन से उपलब्ध ही माया है :- जीवन, जीवन, जीवन, जीवन
10. "विविधता" में से देश शब्द छोड़ें :- जीवन, जीवन, जीवन, जीवन
11. विविधता में से विभिन्न रूप छोड़ें :- पुराना, पुराना, पुराना, पुराना
12. "बूढ़" संवाद का उदारता है :- बूढ़, बूढ़, बूढ़, बूढ़
13. विविधता में से जीवन-सा शब्द देखें :- जीवन, जीवन, जीवन, जीवन
14. विविधता में "जीवन-सा" शब्द क्रिया विश्लेषण है :- अनुमति, एक, बह, तथा
15. "जीवन" के अनुसार किस शब्द में परिवर्तन होता है :- जीवन, जीवन, जीवन, जीवन
16. "क्रिश्चियन" के साथ शब्द प्रयोजनवाद है :- नेता, नेता, नेता, नेता
17. विविधता में से है विविध शब्द नहीं है :- रूढ़ि, दूध, दूध, दूध
18. "साहित्य" के लिए एक शब्द का उदारता है :- साहित्य, साहित्य, साहित्य, साहित्य
19. उपयोग होता है :- जीवन, जीवन, जीवन, जीवन
20. "संस्कृत" शब्द का सही होता है :- संस्कृत, संस्कृत, संस्कृत, संस्कृत
21. विविधता में अनुपम शब्द है :- अनुपम, अनुपम, अनुपम, अनुपम
22. विविधता में पूर्व शब्द है :- पूर्व, पूर्व, पूर्व, पूर्व
23. विविधता में से पूर्व शब्द नहीं है :- पूर्व, पूर्व, पूर्व, पूर्व
24. कि क्रिया एवं शब्द के अनुसार किस शब्द है :- संस्कृत, संस्कृत, संस्कृत, संस्कृत
25. विविधता में अनुपम शब्द है :- अनुपम, अनुपम, अनुपम, अनुपम
26. "अनुपम" शब्द की शरीत है :- अनुपम, अनुपम, अनुपम, अनुपम
27. जीवन से उपलब्ध ही माया है :- जीवन, जीवन, जीवन, जीवन
28. "बृहद" में से विभिन्न शब्द के लिए एक शब्द होता है :- बृहद, बृहद, बृहद, बृहद
29. जीवन से उपलब्ध ही माया है :- पूर्व, पूर्व, पूर्व, पूर्व
30. साहित्य में "अनुपम" शब्द की शरीत है :- साहित्य, साहित्य, साहित्य, साहित्य
31. किस विचार में जीवन आचारमण में है :- उत्तर, उत्तर, उत्तर, उत्तर
32. "बृहद" में से "बृहद" शब्द "पूर्व" नहीं है :- बृहद, बृहद, बृहद, बृहद
33. साहित्य में "बृहद" शब्द "पूर्व" नहीं है :- साहित्य, साहित्य, साहित्य, साहित्य
34. साहित्य में "अनुपम" शब्द देखें :- अनुपम, अनुपम, अनुपम, अनुपम
35. "जीवन" का उदारता है :- जीवन, जीवन, जीवन, जीवन
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>विषय</th>
<th>अंकन</th>
<th>संशोधन उपाय</th>
<th>विषय</th>
<th>अंकन</th>
<th>संशोधन उपाय</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>36 जस्ते से कौन आर्थिक उपायकों का प्रयास</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>संशोधन उपाय</td>
<td>37 जस्ते से शून्य वाग्य</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>संशोধन उपाय</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38 निस्तार कारण म सियास लिये आदी</td>
<td>तम वाग्यलो जा आदी।</td>
<td>39 निस्तार कारण म वोल्डर का अनुबंध वाग्य</td>
<td>निस्तार कारण म वोल्डर का अनुबंध वाग्य।</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 निस्तार कारण म वोल्डर का अनुबंध वाग्य</td>
<td>निस्तार कारण म वोल्डर का अनुबंध वाग्य।</td>
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<tr>
<td>41 पुनर्भरण पद का प्रयोग होता है</td>
<td>पुनर्भरण पद का प्रयोग होता है।</td>
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<tr>
<td>42 योजक विभाग का प्रयोग होता है।</td>
<td>डी पाठदर्शी को जोड़ने के लिए</td>
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</tr>
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<td>43 निस्तार कारण म वोल्डर का अनुबंध वाग्य</td>
<td>निस्तार कारण म वोल्डर का अनुबंध वाग्य।</td>
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<td>44 वाक्पीष्ट का अर्थ होता है।</td>
<td>वाक्पीष्ट का अर्थ होता है।</td>
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<td>45 वाक्पीष्ट का अर्थ होता है।</td>
<td>वाक्पीष्ट का अर्थ होता है।</td>
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<tr>
<td>46 वाक्पीष्ट का अर्थ होता है।</td>
<td>वाक्पीष्ट का अर्थ होता है।</td>
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<tr>
<td>47 वाक्पीष्ट का अर्थ होता है।</td>
<td>वाक्पीष्ट का अर्थ होता है।</td>
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<td>48 वाक्पीष्ट का अर्थ होता है।</td>
<td>वाक्पीष्ट का अर्थ होता है।</td>
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<tr>
<td>49 वाक्पीष्ट का अर्थ होता है।</td>
<td>वाक्पीष्ट का अर्थ होता है।</td>
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<td>50 वाक्पीष्ट का अर्थ होता है।</td>
<td>वाक्पीष्ट का अर्थ होता है।</td>
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<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Questions</td>
<td>Subject</td>
<td>Verb</td>
<td>Object</td>
<td>Object</td>
</tr>
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<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Is there ______ elevator to the top floor?</td>
<td>have</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>article</td>
<td>an</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>He wants to travel ______ word before setting up business.</td>
<td>want</td>
<td>some</td>
<td>the</td>
<td>all</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53</td>
<td>A committee was ______ for enquiring about this scam.</td>
<td>was</td>
<td>set</td>
<td>forth</td>
<td>set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>______ girl was given a prize.</td>
<td>was</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>Few</td>
<td>each</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55</td>
<td>There is ______ hope of his recovery.</td>
<td>is</td>
<td>the little</td>
<td>hope</td>
<td>of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td>We ______ pay our taxes regularly.</td>
<td>pay</td>
<td>might</td>
<td>should</td>
<td>will</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57</td>
<td>She ______ come tonight, but I am not sure.</td>
<td>come</td>
<td>can</td>
<td>will</td>
<td>may</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58</td>
<td>You ______ to submit your application today as it is the last day.</td>
<td>must</td>
<td>need</td>
<td>might</td>
<td>should</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59</td>
<td>I am afraid I ______ complete this assignment by tomorrow.</td>
<td>shall</td>
<td>not</td>
<td>cannot</td>
<td>could</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>If you want to sell this house, you ______ get clearance from your department.</td>
<td>will</td>
<td>might</td>
<td>shall</td>
<td>must</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td>You ______ take brisk walks as you have heart problems. (advice)</td>
<td>can</td>
<td>will</td>
<td>should</td>
<td>would</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62</td>
<td>I open the window for some fresh air?</td>
<td>shall</td>
<td>may</td>
<td>will</td>
<td>must</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63</td>
<td>There are thick dark clouds in the sky, it ______ rain. (probability)</td>
<td>rain</td>
<td>will</td>
<td>would</td>
<td>might</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64</td>
<td>We hope that all misunderstandings ______ end by this evening.</td>
<td>can</td>
<td>must</td>
<td>would</td>
<td>ought</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>It ______ raining for the last four hours.</td>
<td>has</td>
<td>has</td>
<td>been</td>
<td>will</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td>She ______ at seven and began_______ exercise.</td>
<td>gets</td>
<td>got</td>
<td>up</td>
<td>get</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td>If it ______ raining while we ______ tennis, are playing __________</td>
<td>went</td>
<td>went</td>
<td>playing</td>
<td>was</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td>It ______ raining while we ______ tennis.</td>
<td>played</td>
<td>have</td>
<td>played</td>
<td>were</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69</td>
<td>The children ______ in the school drama last year.</td>
<td>participated</td>
<td>will participate</td>
<td>must participate</td>
<td>have participated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>The thieves ______ whatever they could find in the house.</td>
<td>stole</td>
<td>are</td>
<td>stealing</td>
<td>would steal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71</td>
<td>The report of his failure has surprised us all.</td>
<td>has</td>
<td>failed</td>
<td>and the report has surprised us all.</td>
<td>The report that he has failed has surprised us all.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>Being rich, he can afford this expensive treatment.</td>
<td>afford</td>
<td>this expansive treatment can be afforded for he is rich.</td>
<td>He is rich to afford this expensive treatment.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>He felt sorry when he realised his mistake.</td>
<td>felt</td>
<td>sorry</td>
<td>when he realised his mistake.</td>
<td>He realised his mistake and felt sorry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td>He wanted to know why he had been dismissed. (choose the simple sentence)</td>
<td>knew</td>
<td>why he had been dismissed, he wanted to know.</td>
<td>He wanted to know the reason for his dismissal.</td>
<td>Why he was dismissed, he wanted to know.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>I shall buy it whatever be the cost. (choose the simple sentence)</td>
<td>shall</td>
<td>buy</td>
<td>at any cost</td>
<td>However costly it may be, I shall buy it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td>Though he is very ill, he attends office regularly. (change to compound)</td>
<td>attends</td>
<td>office</td>
<td>regularly</td>
<td>His attendance at office is regular despite his illness.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>I was pleased with him for his honestly. (change to compound)</td>
<td>His honesty pleased me.</td>
<td>He was honest therefore I was pleased.</td>
<td>His honesty was my pleasure.</td>
<td>For his honesty, I was pleased with him.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78</td>
<td>Her boss gives her proper guidance. (Change to Passive)</td>
<td>she was given proper guidance by her boss.</td>
<td>She is given proper guidance by her boss.</td>
<td>Proper guidance has been given to her by her boss.</td>
<td>She is being given proper guidance by her boss.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79</td>
<td>Were the doctors monitoring the patient? (Change to Passive)</td>
<td>Was the patient monitored by the doctor?</td>
<td>Did the doctor monitor the patient?</td>
<td>Was the patient being monitored by the doctor?</td>
<td>Was monitoring the patient done by the doctor?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>The Vice-chancellor inaugurated the Exhibition. (Change to Passive)</td>
<td>The Vice-chancellor had inaugurated the Exhibition.</td>
<td>The Exhibition was inaugurated by the Vice-chancellor.</td>
<td>The Exhibition is being inaugurated by the Vice-chancellor.</td>
<td>The Vice-chancellor will inaugurate the Exhibition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81</td>
<td>The mechanic was called in by us. (change to Active Voice)</td>
<td>we were called in by the mechanic.</td>
<td>We called in the mechanic.</td>
<td>We called for the mechanic.</td>
<td>The child’s bringing up been yours?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82</td>
<td>Has the child been brought up by you? (change to Active Voice)</td>
<td>Is the child brought up by you?</td>
<td>Have you brought up the child?</td>
<td>Have you been bringing up the child?</td>
<td>Madhu said that the child will wait for me tomorrow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83</td>
<td>Madhu said to me, “I waited for you yesterday”. (change to indirect speech)</td>
<td>Madhu said that she waited for me the previous day.</td>
<td>The teacher said that the earth moved round the sun.</td>
<td>The teacher said that the earth moves round the sun.</td>
<td>The teacher thought that the earth was moving round the sun.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84</td>
<td>“The Earth moves round the sun”, the teacher said. (change to Indirect speech)</td>
<td>The teacher says that the earth moves round the sun.</td>
<td>He told me when I returned from office.</td>
<td>He told me I asked me when I returned from office.</td>
<td>He said that I returned from office then.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85</td>
<td>He said to me, “when do you return from office?” (change to Indirect speech)</td>
<td>He said me when I returned from office.</td>
<td>He asked me if I returned from office.</td>
<td>He asked me if I returned from office.</td>
<td>He said that I returned from office then.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86</td>
<td>I requested him to teach me how to use the calculator. (Change into Direct Speech)</td>
<td>I said, “Teach me the use of the calculator.”</td>
<td>“Please teach me how to use the calculator”, I said to him.</td>
<td>“How to use the calculator”, I asked him.</td>
<td>“Teach me the calculator”, I said him.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87</td>
<td>Madhu wished me a happy journey. (Change into Direct Speech)</td>
<td>Madhu said, “Happy journey wishes to you.”</td>
<td>“Wish you a happy journey”, I said to Madhu.</td>
<td>Madhu told me, “wishing you a happy journey.”</td>
<td>Wish you a happy journey, Madhu said to me.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88</td>
<td>I asked Prasad if he liked playing cricket. (Change into Direct Speech)</td>
<td>“Do you like playing cricket?” I said to Prasad.</td>
<td>“Do you like to play cricket?” I asked Prasad.</td>
<td>“Did you play cricket?” I asked Prasad.</td>
<td>I told Prasad, “Did you enjoy playing cricket?”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>89</td>
<td>The workers ‘called off’ the strike. (select the meaning of phrasal verbs)</td>
<td>held</td>
<td>cancelled</td>
<td>put up</td>
<td>arranged for</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>Her childhood memories ‘faded away’ soon. (select the meaning of phrasal verbs)</td>
<td>fade</td>
<td>were</td>
<td>remembered</td>
<td>slowly disappeared</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91</td>
<td>The burglars ‘broke into’ the house. (select the meaning of phrasal verbs)</td>
<td>enter</td>
<td>forcibly</td>
<td>were</td>
<td>invented</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92</td>
<td>We must ‘make up’ for the damage done. (select the meaning of phrasal verbs)</td>
<td>work</td>
<td>together</td>
<td>give an answer</td>
<td>compensate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>93</td>
<td>My son ‘takes after’ his father. (select the meaning of phrasal verbs)</td>
<td>resemble</td>
<td>resembles</td>
<td>initiates</td>
<td>differs from</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>94</td>
<td>“A Cock and Bull story” was narrated. (Choose the appropriate option)</td>
<td>An Interesting Story</td>
<td>A Table</td>
<td>A true story</td>
<td>A false story</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95</td>
<td>He got a job by playing “hush money”. (Choose the appropriate option)</td>
<td>bribe</td>
<td>earnest money</td>
<td>borrowed money</td>
<td>money at high interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96</td>
<td>“A good turn” never goes unrewarded. (Choose the appropriate option)</td>
<td>working rightly</td>
<td>a proper</td>
<td>an act of kindness</td>
<td>a right turn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97</td>
<td>We must ‘make up’ for the damage done. (select the meaning of phrasal verbs)</td>
<td>enter</td>
<td>forcibly</td>
<td>were</td>
<td>invented</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98</td>
<td>The burglars ‘broke into’ the house. (select the meaning of phrasal verbs)</td>
<td>enter</td>
<td>forcibly</td>
<td>were</td>
<td>invented</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99</td>
<td>“A Cock and Bull story” was narrated. (Choose the appropriate option)</td>
<td>An Interesting Story</td>
<td>A Table</td>
<td>A true story</td>
<td>A false story</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>He got a job by playing “hush money”. (Choose the appropriate option)</td>
<td>bribe</td>
<td>earnest money</td>
<td>borrowed money</td>
<td>money at high interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101</td>
<td>“A good turn” never goes unrewarded. (Choose the appropriate option)</td>
<td>working rightly</td>
<td>a proper</td>
<td>an act of kindness</td>
<td>a right turn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97</td>
<td>Choose the meaning of 'Amicus curiae'</td>
<td>A friend of the court or tribunal that is a non party, who gives evidence before the court so as to assist it with research, argument or submission.</td>
<td>a party to the case</td>
<td>a public prosecutor otherwise designated as advocate general.</td>
<td>all of these</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98</td>
<td>Choose the meaning of 'Ex Officio'</td>
<td>Out of office</td>
<td>by virtue of holding an office</td>
<td>in an official manner</td>
<td>chairperson</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99</td>
<td>Choose the meaning of 'Sine Die'</td>
<td>Means adjourned without fixing a future date for hearing.</td>
<td>Means adjourned with a fixed date.</td>
<td>means a court is abolished.</td>
<td>All of these</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>Choose the meaning of 'Alimony'</td>
<td>Money a court requires one spouse to pay to the other for support after legal separation.</td>
<td>money a court imposes an adoption of a child.</td>
<td>money charged as legal fee.</td>
<td>money given in a court to persons when property changes hands.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>